

Using data to adapt and improve teaching practice

National FutureSchools Expo 21 March 2018



Three overarching challenges

1. Improve the teaching of the core academic subjects

2. Change elements of what we teach and how we teach it

3. Reduce the gaps between educational haves and have nots



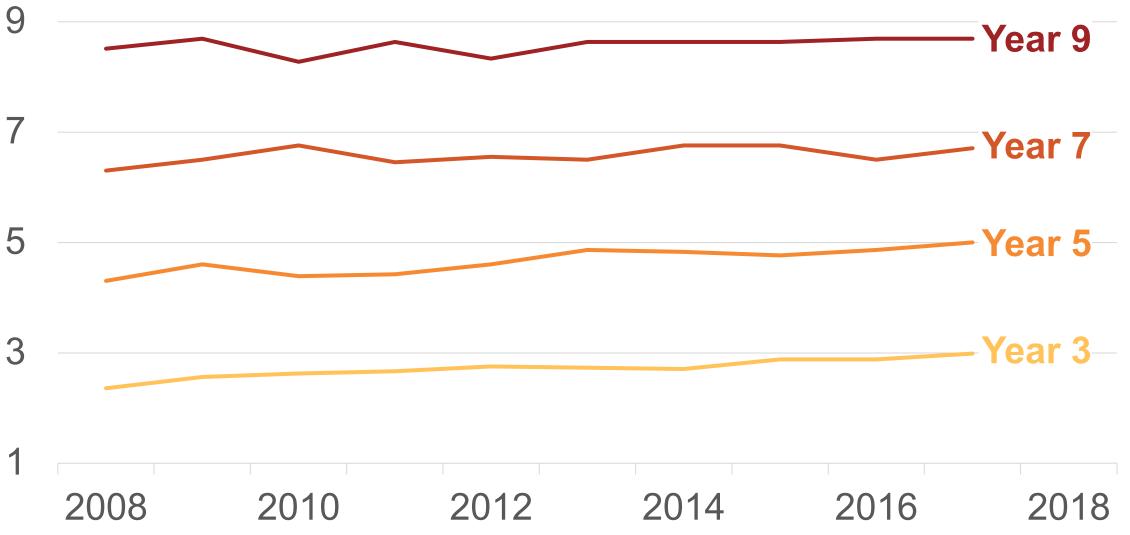




NAPLAN improvement is slow

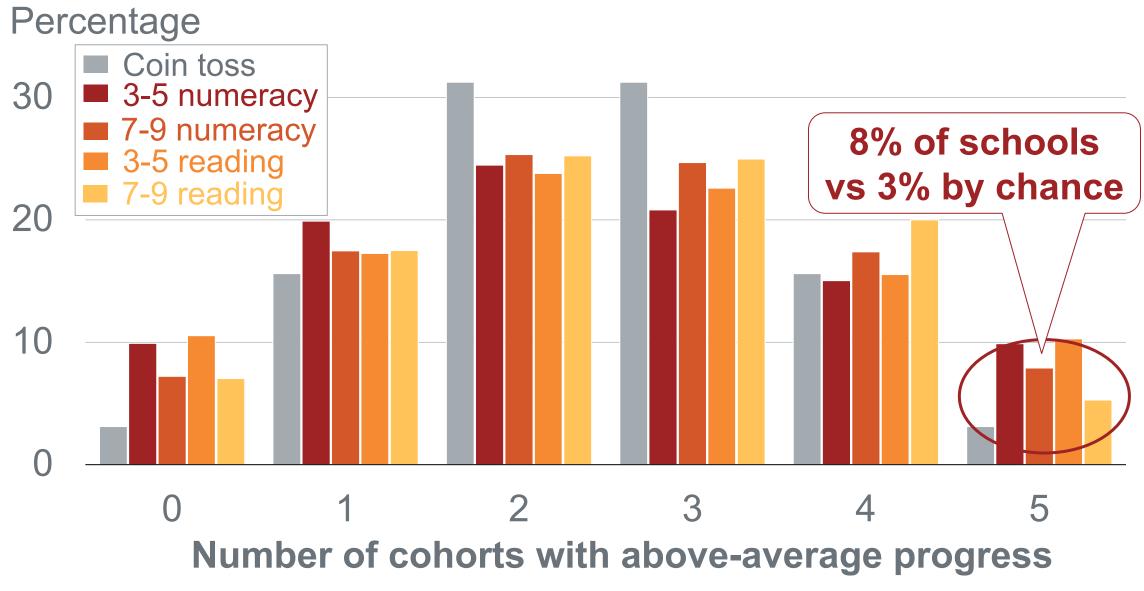


Equivalent year level (reading)



Source: ACARA, Grattan analysis

Some schools show us the way... GRATTAN

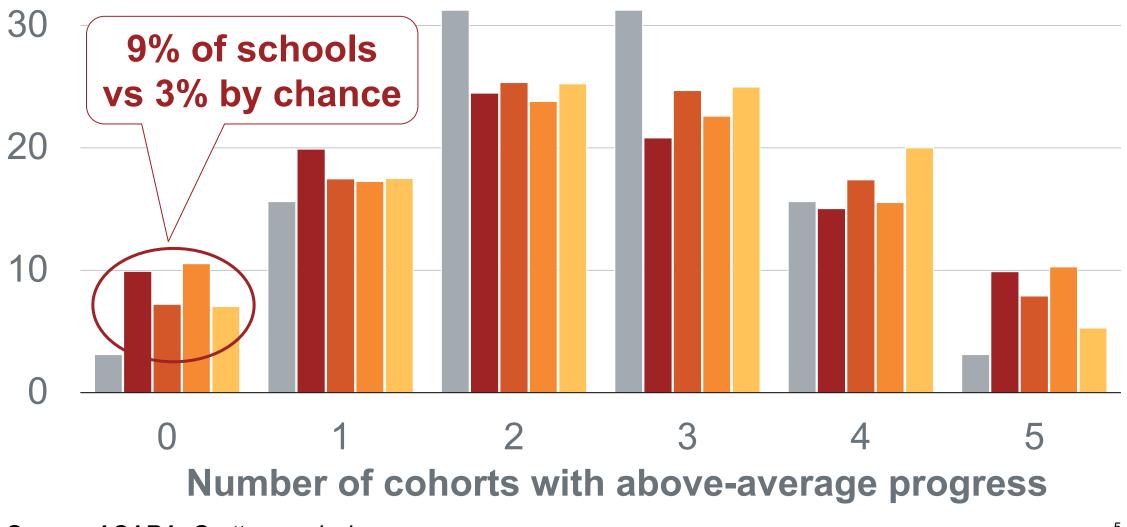


Source: ACARA, Grattan analysis

... others are struggling



Percentage



Source: ACARA, Grattan analysis

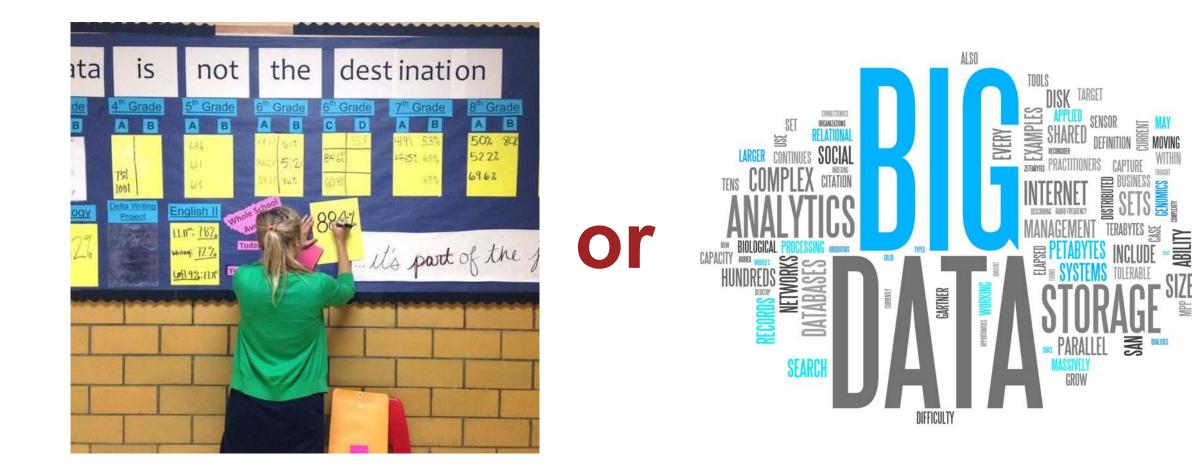
Learning progress is the key



- Success in education comes from maximising progress
- By definition, stronger progress lifts achievement

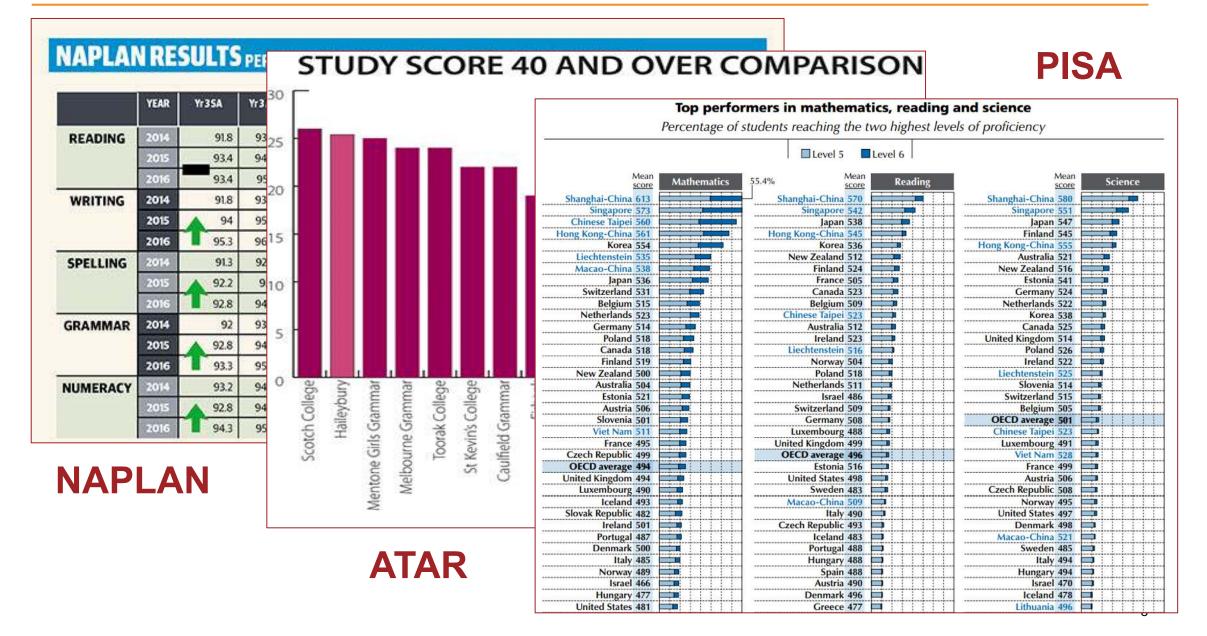
But where does data fit?





The triumvirate of policy data





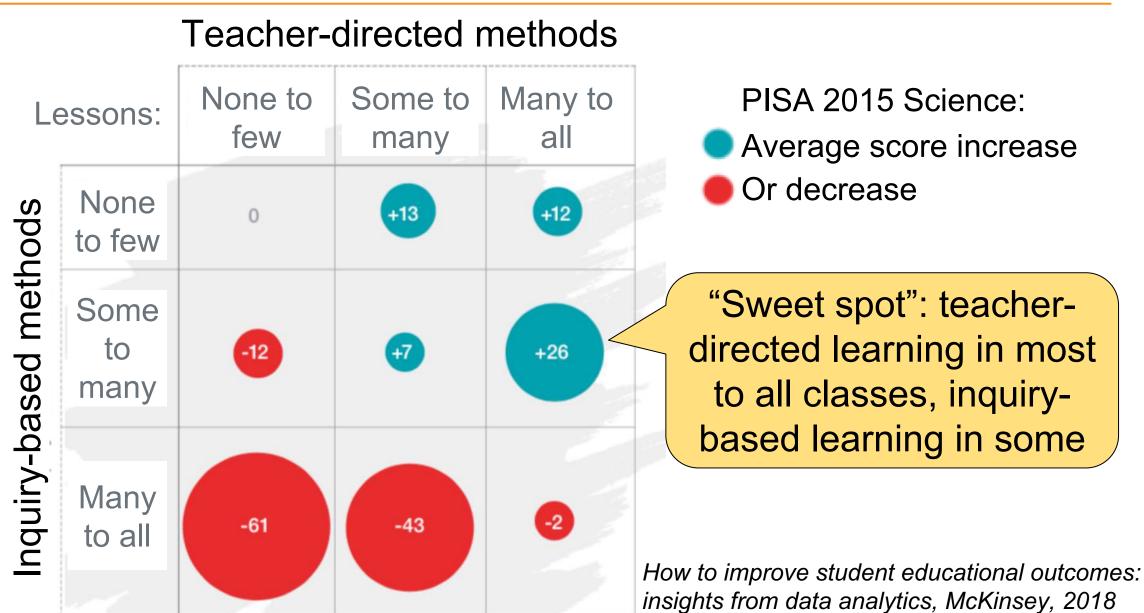
Big data can inform teaching...



Teacher-directed methods OR Inquiry-based methods?



Big data can inform teaching...



But small data drives learning

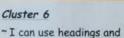




Cluster 5

- ~ I can use words my teacher shows me
- ~ I can write 4 or 5 sentences
- ~ I can use describing words
- ~ I can write letters that are all the same size
- ~I can re-read to check my writing makes sense





- ~ I can use headings and paragraphs
- ~ I can re-read my writing to correct it myself
- ~ I can use some punctuation correctly
- ~ I can write sequenced ideas
- ~ I can write longer texts



Cluster 7 ~ I can plan before I write

- ~ I can explain who I am writing for and why
- ~ I can write with accurate spelling
- ~ I can use capital letters for names and places
- ~ I can use a variety of verbs
- ~ I can write informative texts



Cluster 8

- ~I can write 1 full page
- ~ I can publish my work
- ~ I can edit my work
- ~ I can give an opinion in my writing
- ~ I can write using speech marks, commas and apostrophes
- \sim I can check that my sentences make sense

OECD: Australia must shift focus

The overall evaluation and assessment framework appears as highly sophisticated and well conceptualised, especially at its top level (national and systemic levels).

However, there is a less clear articulation of ways for the national agenda to generate improvements in classroom practice through the assessment and evaluation procedures which are closer to the place of learning. **Translation:** thumbs up on use of big data

Translation: More effort needed with small data



The policy conundrum

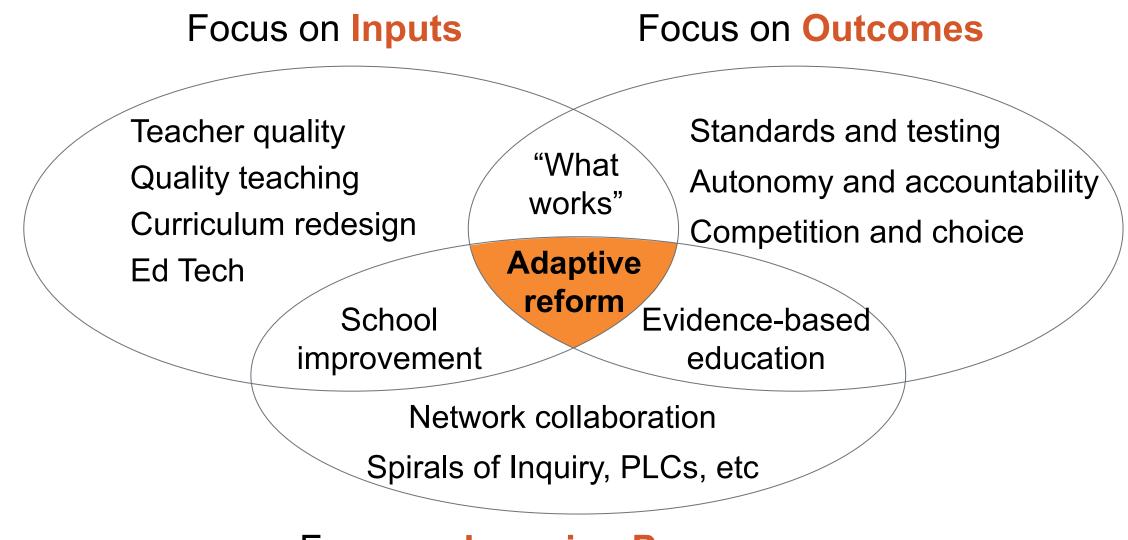


If top-down approaches (with big data) don't work ...

... and school autonomy (plus small data) isn't enough ...

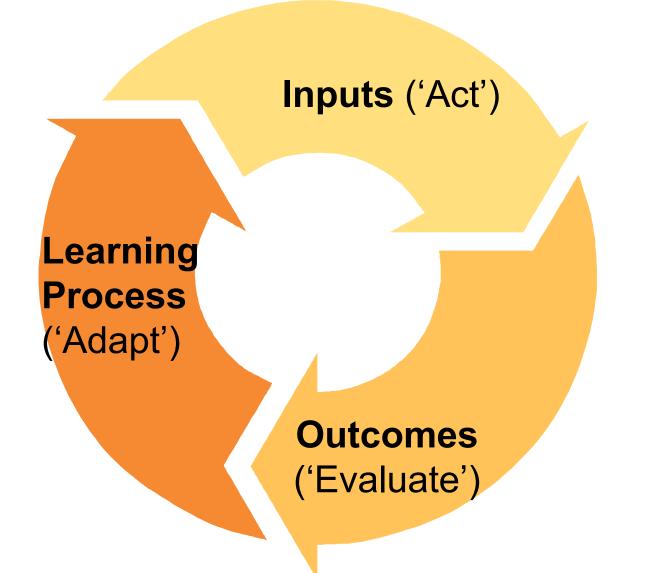
... how are we supposed to improve at scale?

Three main schools of thought

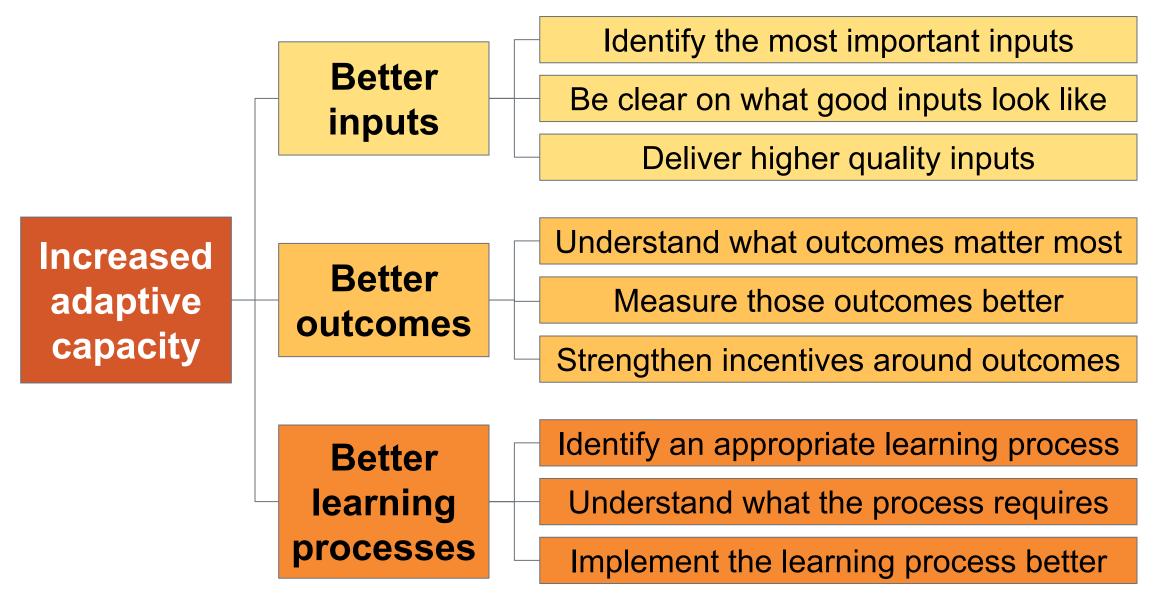


Focus on Learning Processes

Adaptive reform blends all three

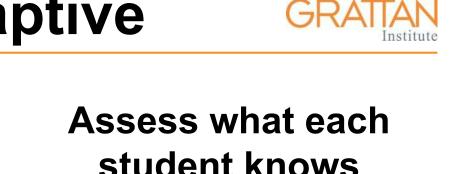


Strengthening any step can help



Targeted teaching is adaptive

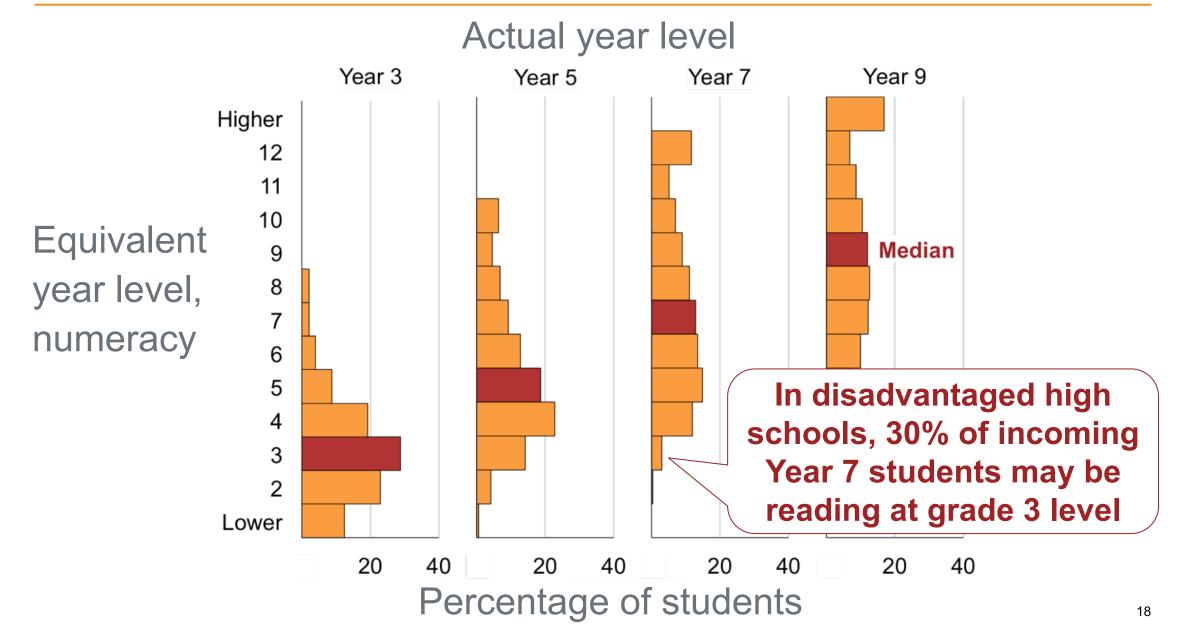
Adapt teaching



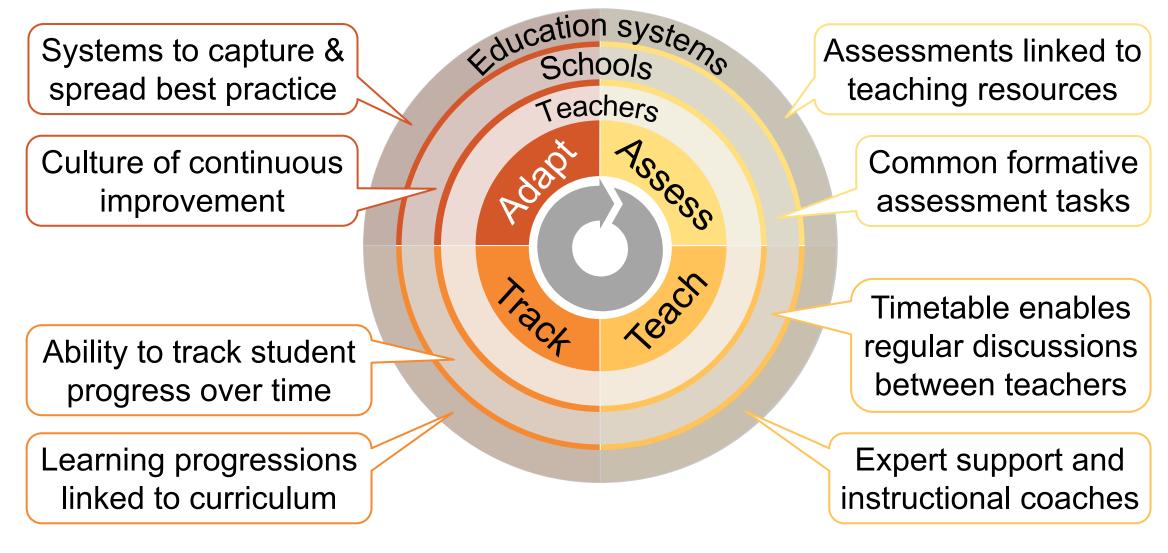
practice to improve student knows next time round already 820 **Rigorously track Target teaching to** reach Track progress of each each student's student learning needs

Why is it needed?

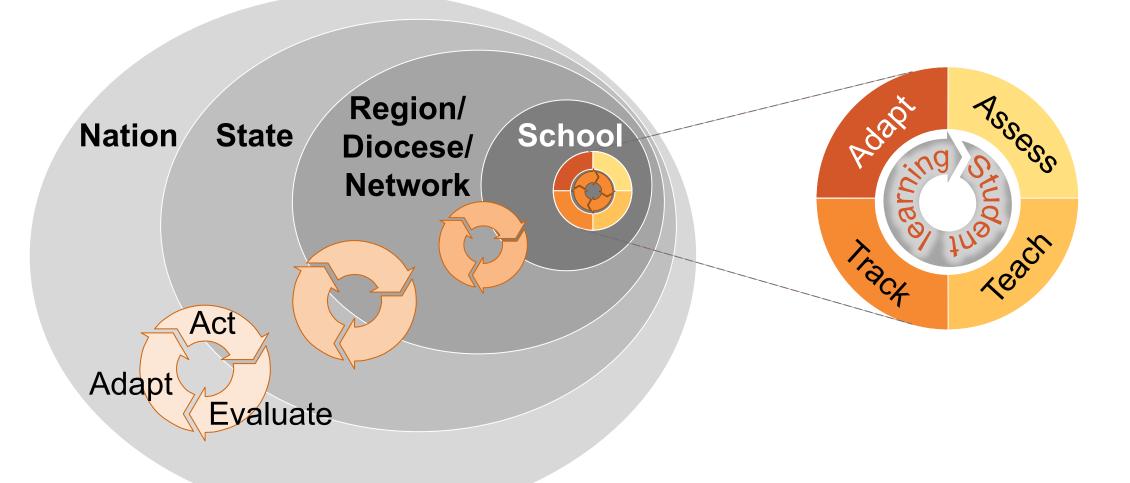




However, system support is vital GRATTAN

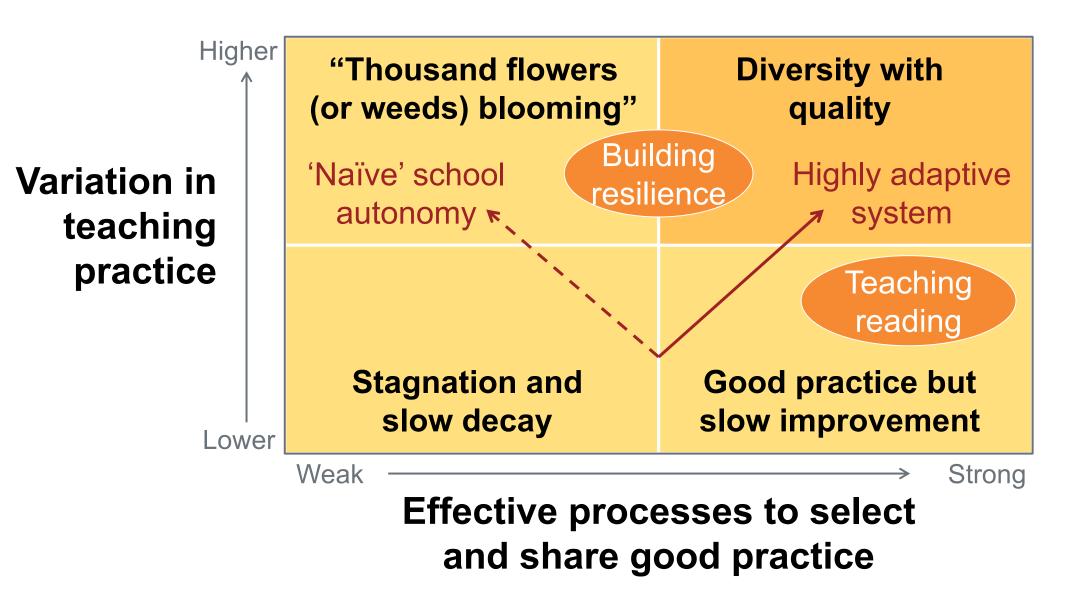


Systems need nested loops

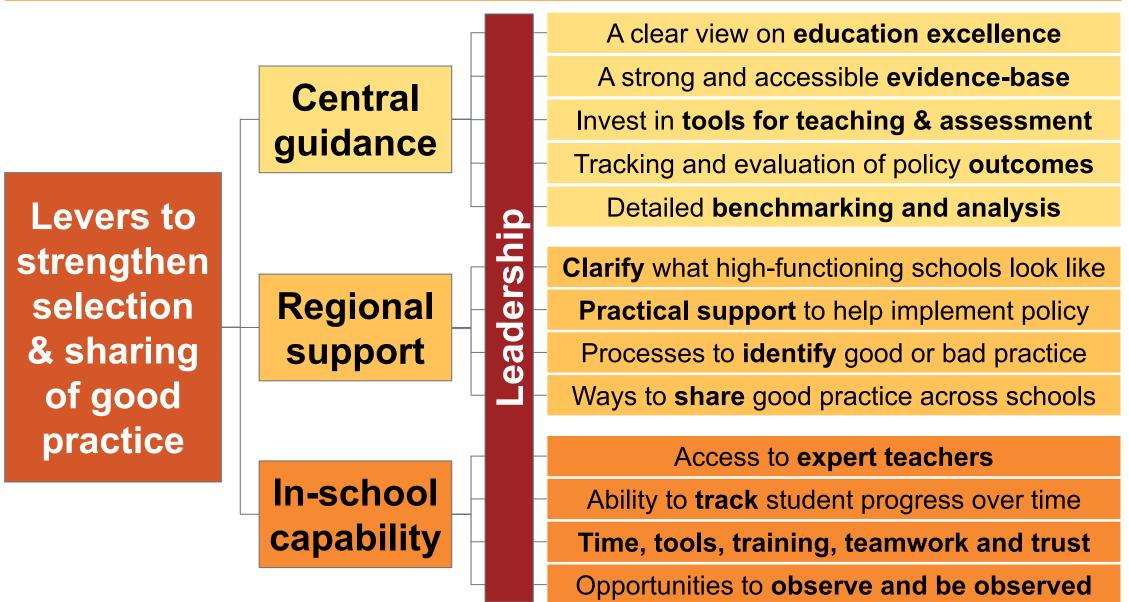


Towards an Adaptive Education System, Goss (2017), inspired by The biology of corporate survival (BCG, 2016) ²⁰

Selection is the critical step



What helps good local decisions? GRATTAN



Five 'guide-posts' for the future



Better data in hands of teachers: trusted; timely; practical

Invest in our most expert teachers

Optimise practice in core academic areas...

... and innovate more systematically for a changing world

Focus more on system design