

Why an adaptive education system relies on our most expert teachers

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What on earth is happening in our schools?



Elizabeth Blackburn, Salk Institute Boss Oct 12 2017 at 9:00 PM Updated Oct 12 2017 at 9:00 PM Eddie Woo named 'among world's top 10 teachers'

True Leaders 2017: Nobel laureate



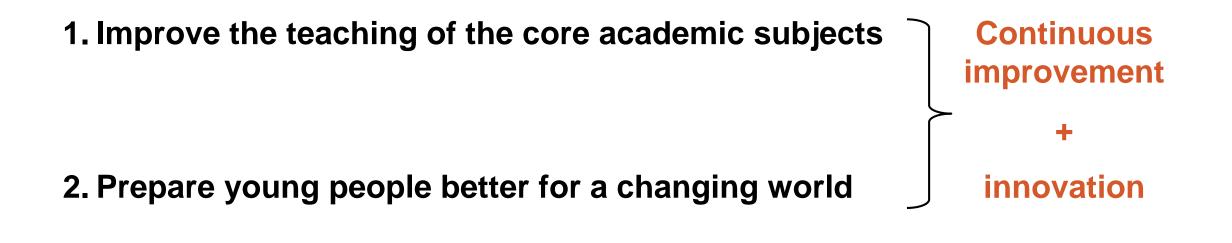
Australia's 'tolerance of failure' behind declining PISA results, says test co-ordinator

Education basics have been replaced by trendy fads

Inequality in Australian schools costs the country \$20 billion: report

Our brightest kids are being left to fend for themselves





3. Reduce the wide and growing gaps between educational haves and have nots

No easy solutions

A story from the classroom





~ I can use words my teacher shows me

- ~ I can write 4 or 5 sentences
- ~ I can use describing words
- ~ I can write letters that are all the same size
- ~I can re-read to check my writing makes sense





- ~ I can use headings and paragraphs
- ~ I can re-read my writing to correct it myself
- ~ I can use some punctuation correctly
- ~ I can write sequenced ideas
- ~ I can write longer texts

~ I can plan before I write

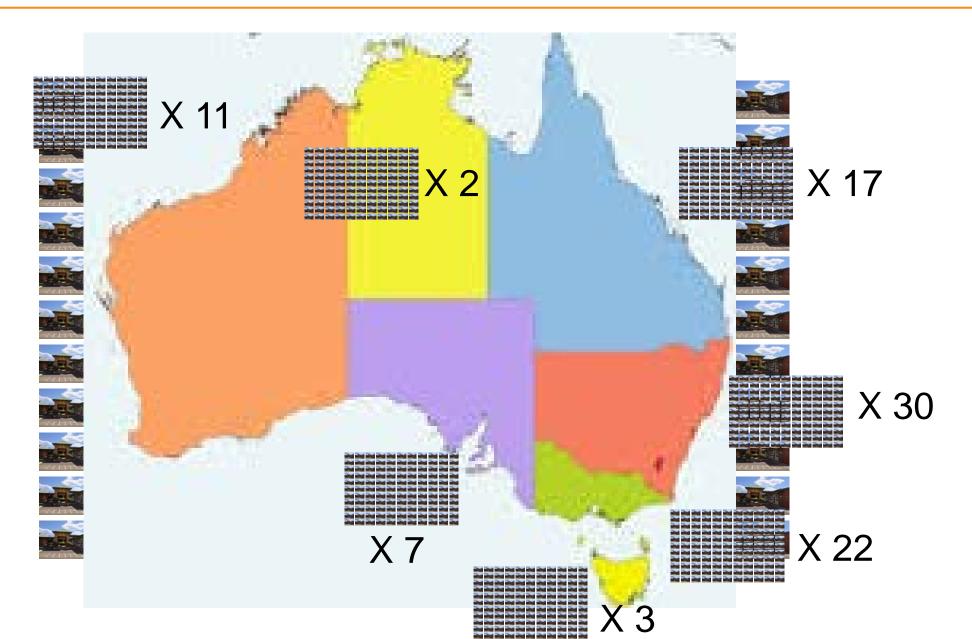
- ~ I can explain who I am writing for and why
- ~ I can write with accurate spelling
- ~ I can use capital letters for names and places
- ~ I can use a variety of verbs
- ~ I can write informative texts



- ~ I can write 1 full page
- ~ I can publish my work
- ~ I can edit my work
- ~ I can give an opinion in my writing
- ~ I can write using speech marks, commas and apostrophes
- ~ I can check that my sentences make sense

But how do we do this at scale?





Compare the pair



Healthcare

School education

22 million Australians

11 GP visits per year, say 20 minutes per visit 3.8 million students

1,000 hours of school (6 hours x 5 days x 40 weeks)

Total patient time: ~ 1,000 person-years

Total student time: ~ 600,000 person-years



Yet we want learning to be personalised.

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Money spent ... up

Students completing Year 12 ... up

PISA results ... down

NAPLAN results ... flat

Impact of socio-economic disadvantage ... little change

Indigenous student results ... appalling

Lies, damn lies or statistics?

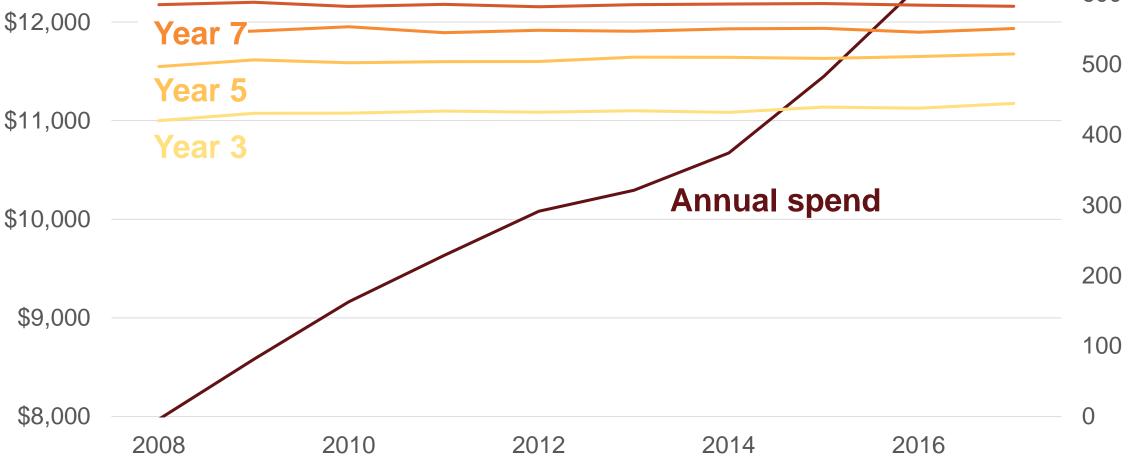
How the story is often told...



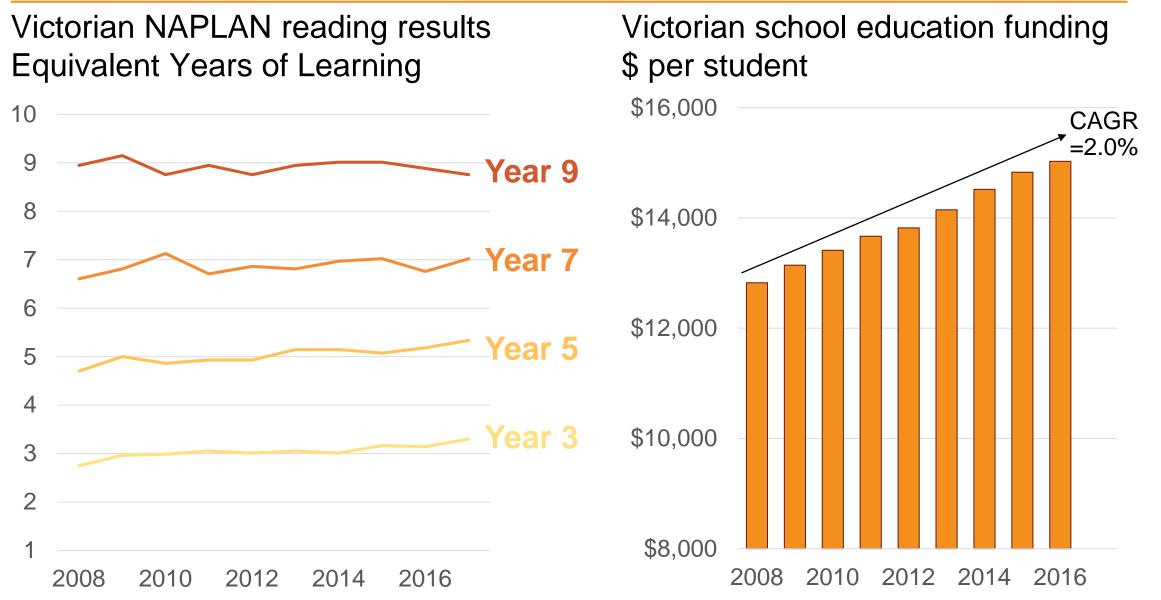
 Victorian school funding (LHS, \$m) versus NAPLAN reading score (RHS)
 700

 \$13,000
 Year 9
 600

 \$12,000
 Year 7
 600

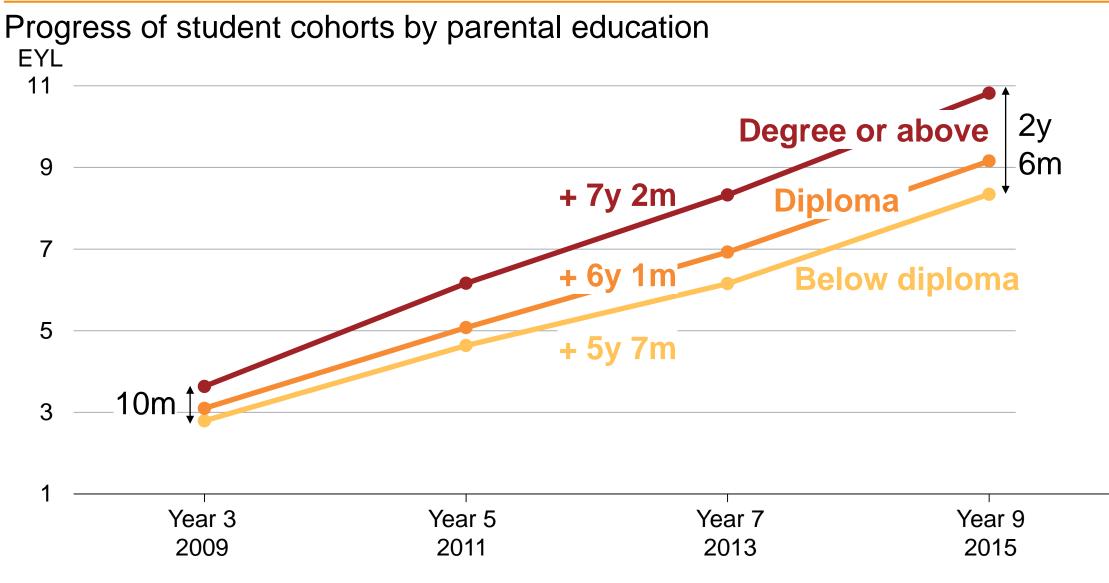


... versus a less manipulative presentation



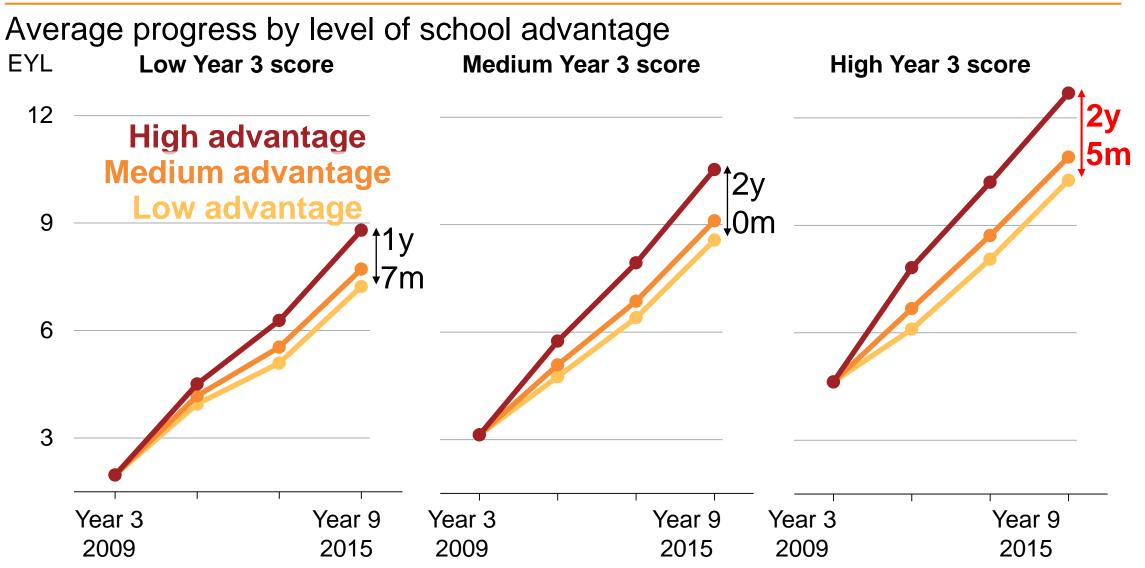
Parental education really matters





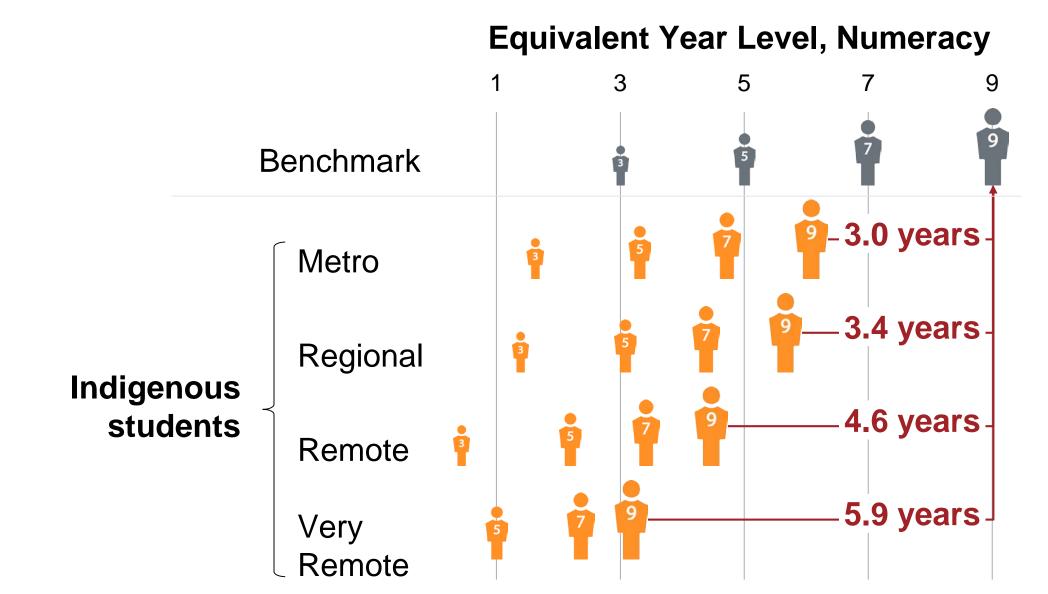
Notes. Data is for numeracy, median of all Victorian students, 2009-15 cohort. EYL: Equivalent Year Level Highest level of parental education is a proxy for socio-economic status. Source: Widening gaps, Grattan Institute, Figure 10

Bright kids in poor schools lose the most



Notes. Data is for numeracy, all Victorian students, 2009-15 cohort, by school ICSEA (bottom quartile, middle two quartiles, top quartile). Low, medium and high achievers are students who scored at the 20th, 50th and 80th percentile in Year 3. EYL: Equivalent Year Level.\ Source: Widening gaps, Grattan Institute, Figure 14





Notes: Mean NAPLAN scores from 2010 to 2017 translated to equivalent year level (EYL) using an updated version of the methodology in Widening Gaps (2016). The EYL scale is 14 based on the average performance of metropolitan non-Indigenous students over 2010-2016. Source: ACARA (NAPLAN Numeracy test), Grattan analysis

Gaps are also huge within each class



Number of students





Three axioms:

- Success comes from maximising progress
- By definition, more progress lifts achievement
- Targeted teaching is essential

One goal:

At least one year's learning each year for every student

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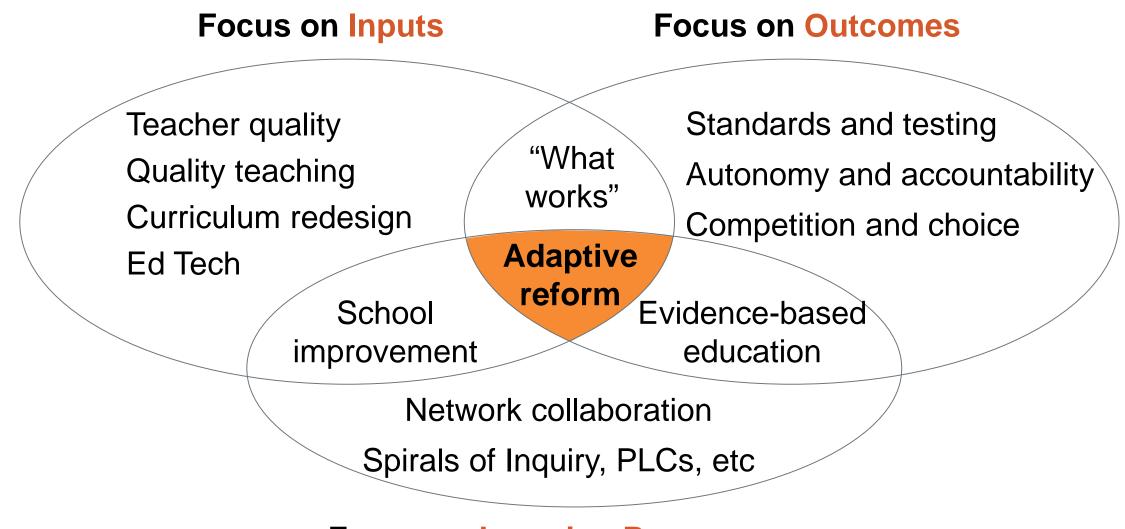
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Three main schools of thought

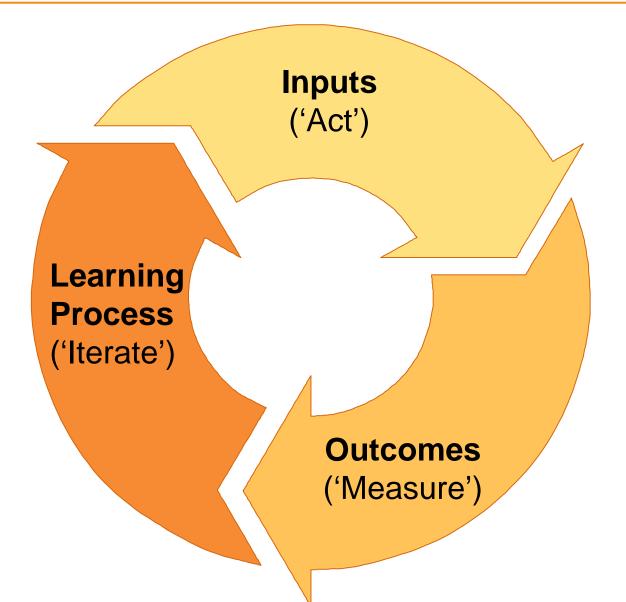




Focus on Learning Processes

Adaptive reform incorporates all three steps





What does it mean to be an adaptive system?

Pre-adaptive farming – natural selection

Simple crop rotation – trial and error

Traditional plant breeding – guided selection

Modern seed banks, genetic markers

Integrated pest management

Modern farming supply chains

Increasingly deliberate selection in an increasingly integrated way; information outweighs infrastructure 20



Improvement by design, not by chance

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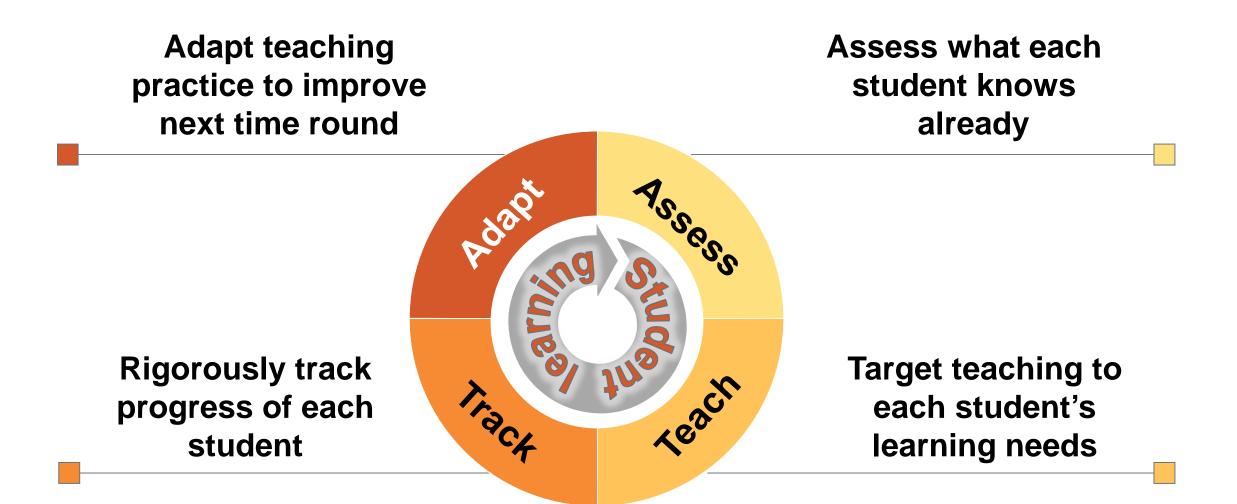


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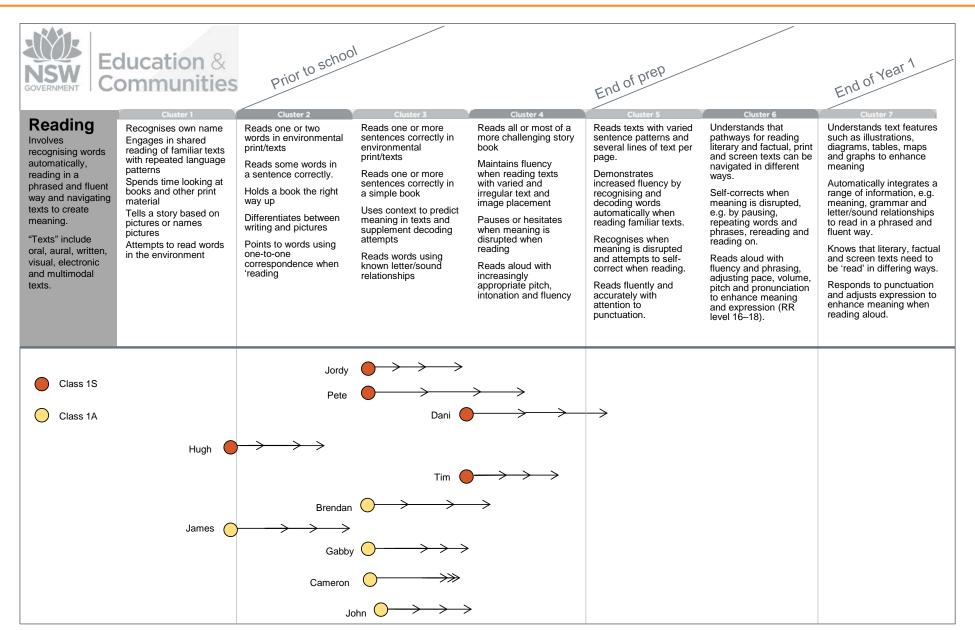
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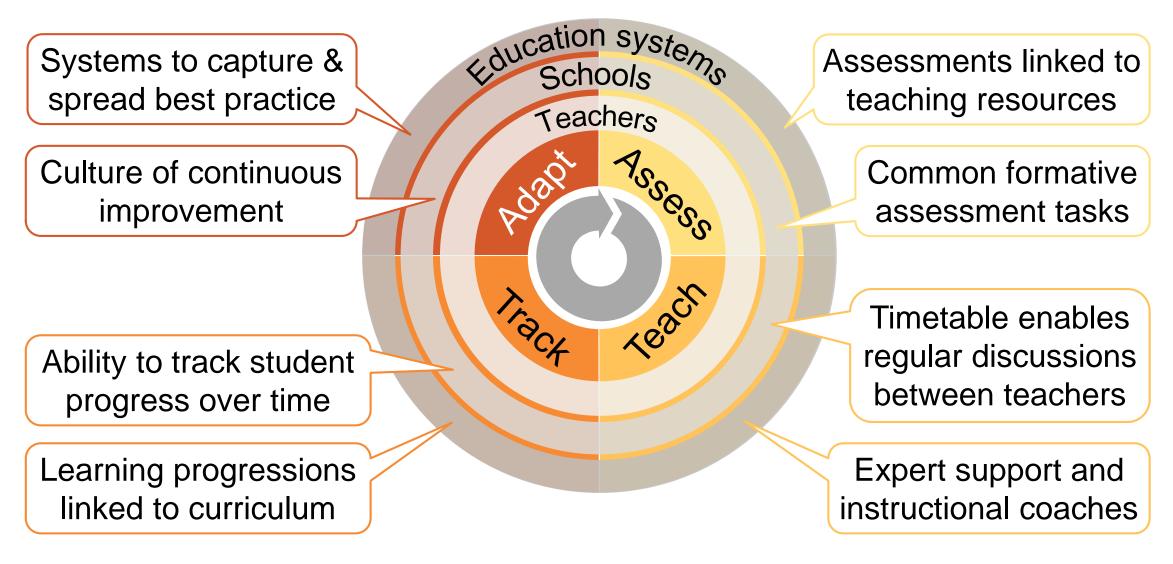
Bright Vale – use of NSW Literacy Continuum



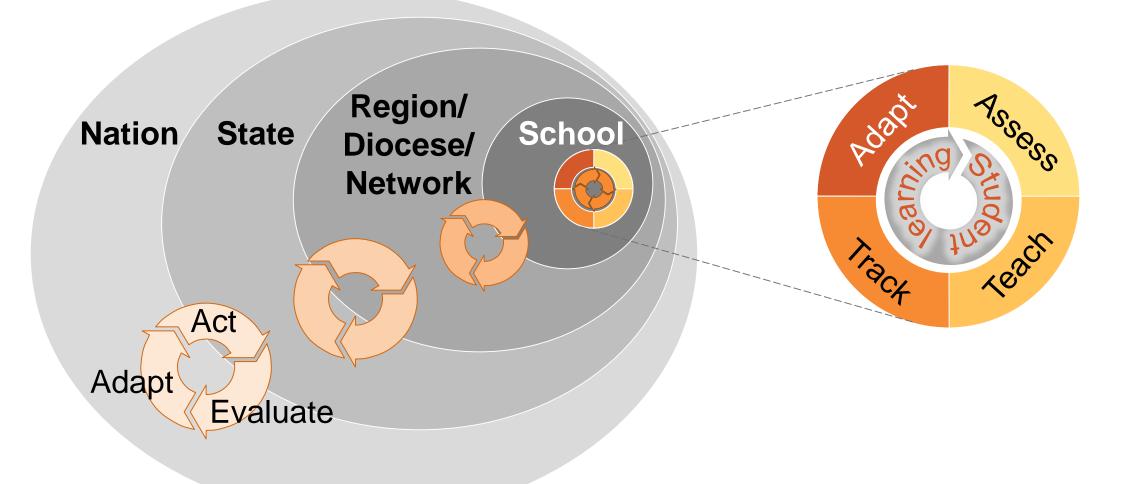
GRA

Institute

School-level learning needs system support



System learning needs nested feedback loops GRATTAN



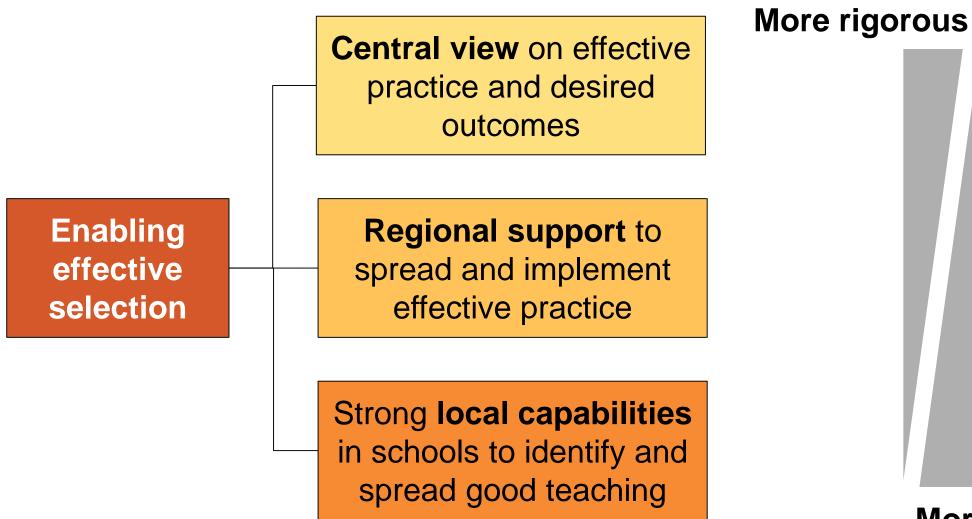
Selection is the critical step



Higher **"Thousand flowers (or Diversity with** weeds) blooming" quality Impact of a highly Impact of 'naïve' Building school adaptive system Overall autonomy resilience variation in teaching practice eaching reading **Stagnation and Good practice but** slow decay slow improvement Lower Weak Strong Effective processes to select and share good practice

Three levels of capability needed





More relevant

Some 'guide-posts' for future reform



- 1. Better data in the hands of teachers: trusted, timely, practical
- 2. Invest in the most expert teachers
- 3. Optimise practice in core areas...
- 4. ... and innovate more systematically for a changing world
- 5. Focus more on system design

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The main challenge for improving Australian teaching...

"...lies not so much in identifying and describing quality teaching, but in developing structures and approaches that ensure widespread use of successful teaching practices."

Invargson, Kleinhenz and Dinham (2008)



Focus on Teachers:

- All teachers have similar classroom teaching responsibilities
- Promotion based on tenure
- Dismissal process for underperforming teachers

Focus on Teaching:

- Effective teachers promoted to more curriculum and administrative responsibilities
- Professional development for underperforming teachers

Focus on Learning:

- Teachers that improve student learning promoted into more classrooms by developing other teachers
- Continuous appraisal and feedback that improves student learning



Teachers are known to teach more effectively when they work together, using observation and feedback to assess and critique each other's work

But details make the difference: Teacher-turned-coach vs larger classes



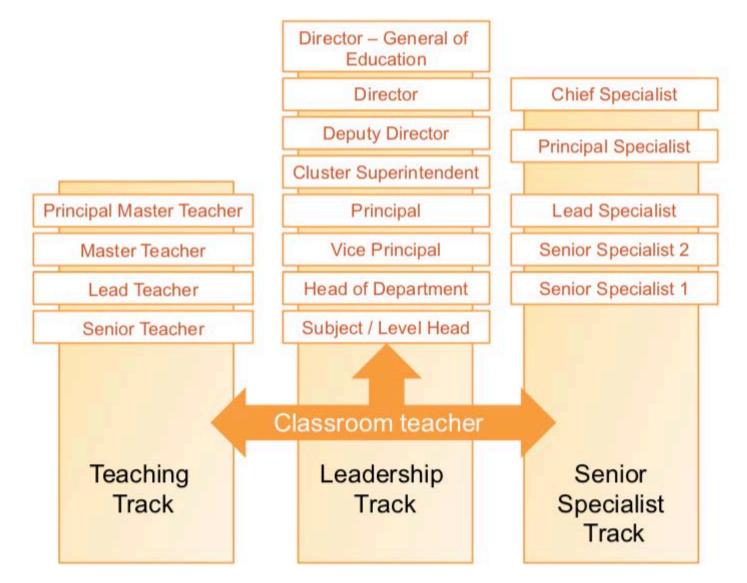
Three extra steps to unleash the value of our most expert teachers:

- 1. Strategically redesign the day job
- 2. Recognise the role in industrial agreements
- 3. Provide on-the-ground backing for the role

This builds on HALT certification, but goes way beyond it

Career tracks in Singapore school education







1000 Master Teachers

- Building capability and sharing expertise across schools
- Subject-specific
- Focused on pedagogical leadership (PCK)
- Working in subject networks to guide Instructional Leaders
- "Owners" of national best practice and the links to research

30,000 Instructional Leaders (up to 10% of teachers)

- Building teacher expertise within schools
- Subject specific
- Leading within-school improvement
- Working with colleagues across schools



Does your school use your HALT status to develop the teachers around you?

Do you get the time you need? Do others get release time to work with you?

What are the main barriers in developing other teachers in your school?

- Teachers' knowledge: Content, Pedagogy, PCK?
- Leadership support?
- Resources?
- Ability to learn from peers or other schools?
- Other

Where do you see the role of subject specific expertise?



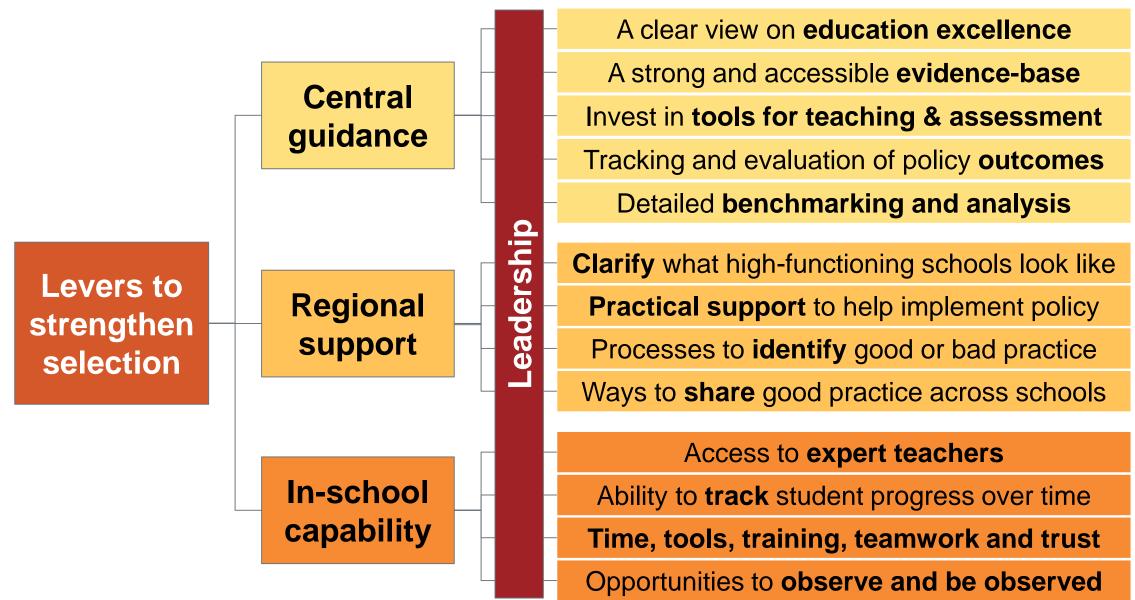
Priorities from the Gonski 2.0 Review



- 1: Deliver at least one year's growth in learning for every student every year
- **2:** Equip every child to be a creative, connected and engaged learner in a rapidly changing world
- **3:** Cultivate an adaptive, innovative and continuously improving education system

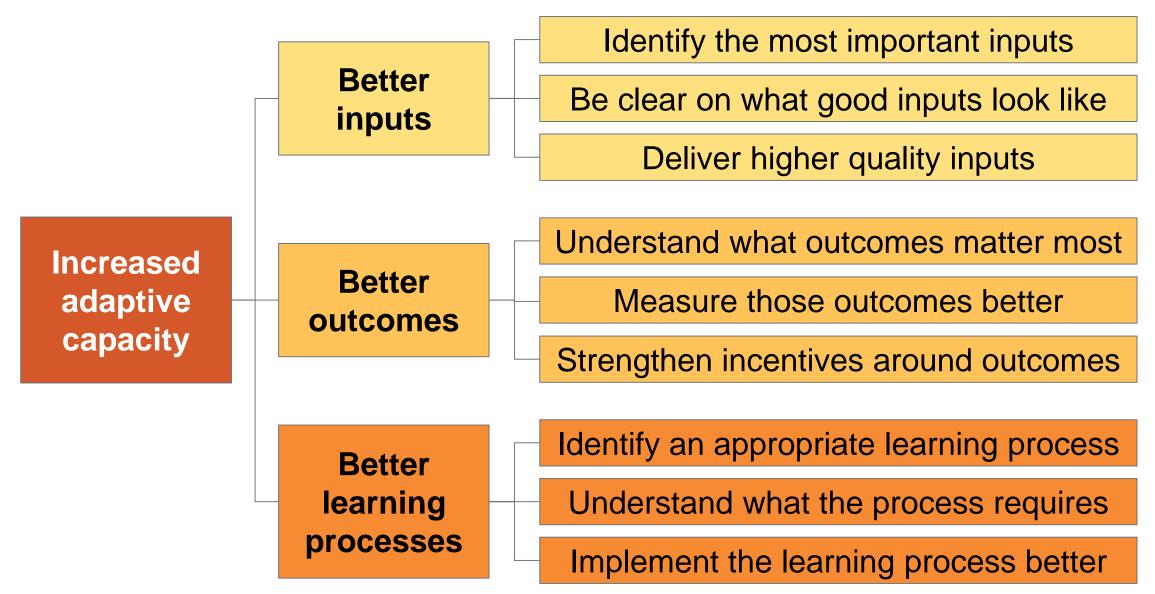
Levers to strengthen selection





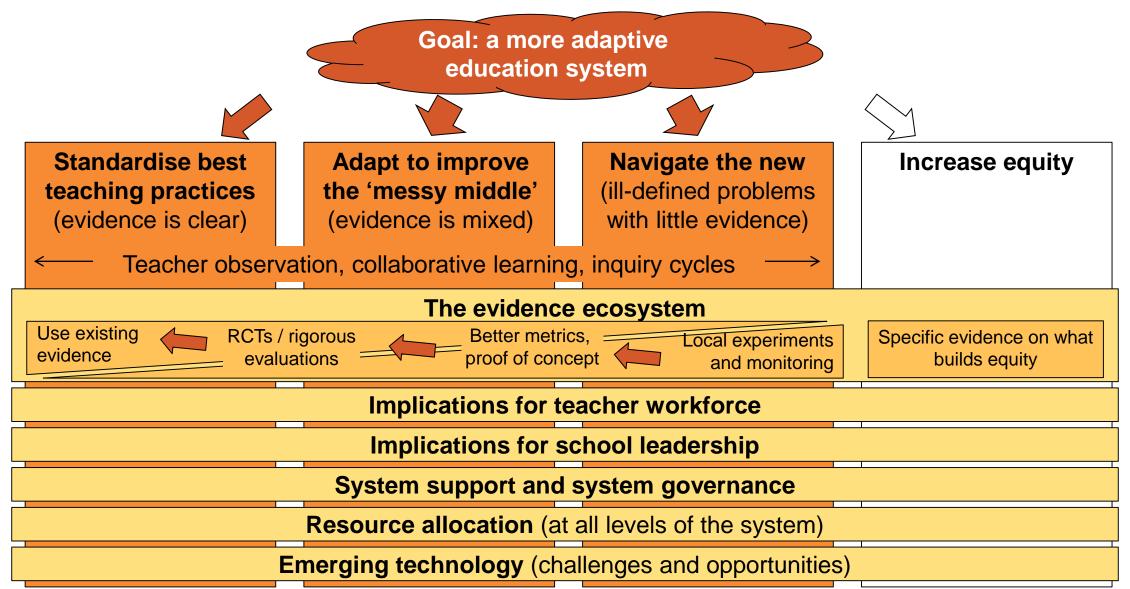
Strengthening any step can help





Future workstreams (WIP)





Where does data fit?









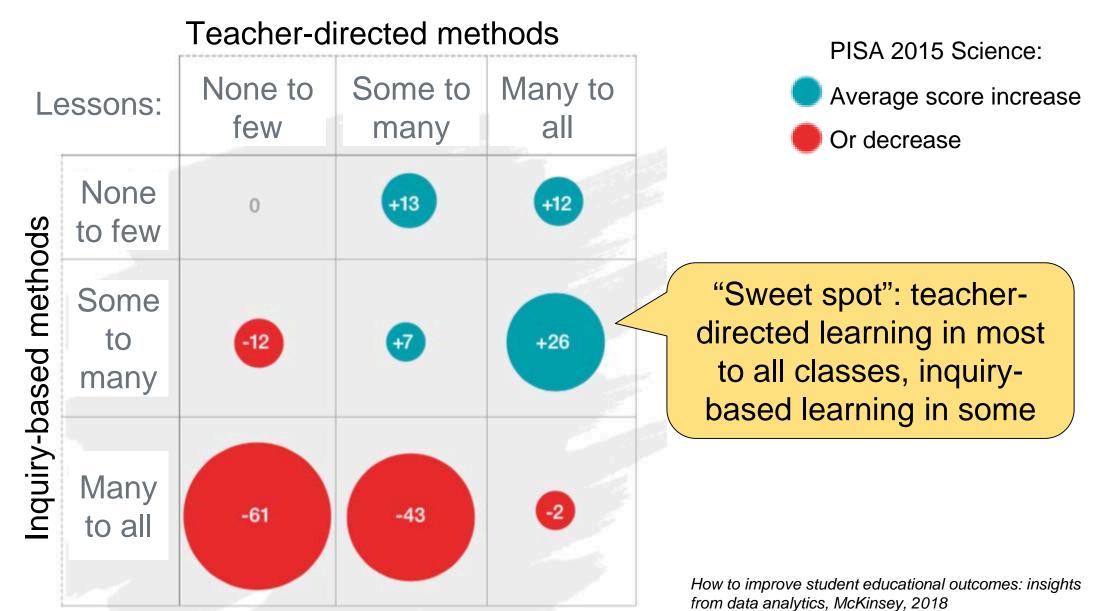
Teacher-directed methods OR

Inquiry-based methods?



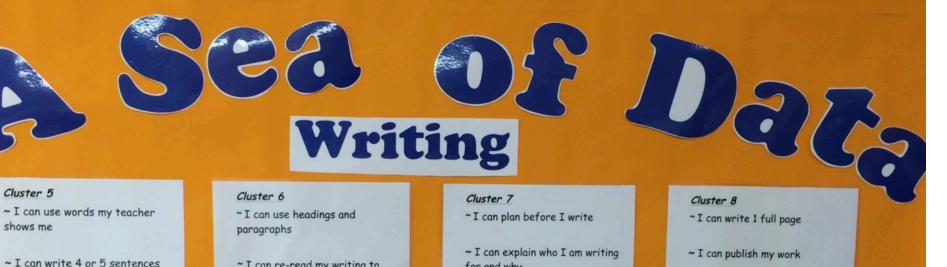
Big data can inform teaching...





But small data drives learning





- ~ I can use describing words
- ~ I can write letters that are all the same size
- ~I can re-read to check my writing makes sense



- ~ I can re-read my writing to correct it myself
- ~ I can use some punctuation correctly
- ~ I can write sequenced ideas
- ~ I can write longer texts



- for and why
- ~ I can write with accurate spelling
- ~ I can use capital letters for names and places
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- ~ I can edit my work
- ~ I can give an opinion in my writing
- ~ I can write using speech marks, commas and apostrophes
- ~ I can check that my sentences make sense